

Ultrasonic flowmeters SONOELIS SE401x.1 and SONOELIS SE402x.1

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Ultrasonic flowmeters

SONOELIS SE401x.1, SONOELIS SE402x.1



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BASIC INFORMATION

Application 1.1

Ultrasonic flowmeters SONOELIS SE401x and SONOELIS SE402x are intended for measurements of instantaneous flow rate and aggregate flow volume passed through a fully flooded large dimensions piping. If provided with a fluid temperature measurement device, they can also be used for measurement of mass flow rate.

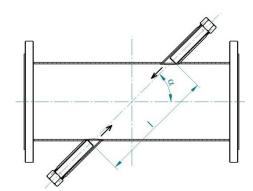
The meter principle permits flow-rate measurement of any type of fluid including electrically nonconducting or aggressive liquids that allows transition of ultrasound. The flowmeter will thus find usage in both water management systems and various industries including chemical industry, heavy industry and energetics.

1.2 Measurement principle

The meter uses the transit-time ultrasonic flow velocity measurement principle. The measured fluid shall permit passage of ultrasonic signals.

Ultrasonic impulses are sent in turns in and against the fluid flow direction. For the transit time of the ultrasonic signal sent in the fluid flow direction it holds:

$$t_1 = \frac{l}{c + v \cdot \cos \alpha} + \frac{l_1}{c_1} \tag{s}$$



where I is the distance between the face parts of the ultrasonic probes

is the signal propagation velocity in the measured fluid [m/s][m/s]

is the fluid flow velocity

is the aggregate thickness of the bottom parts of both probes [m] is the signal propagation velocity in the probe material [m/s].

The only difference between the calculation formula for the transit time of the ultrasonic signal travelling against the fluid flow direction (t₂) and that for t₁ consists of the opposite sign of the fluid velocity:

$$t_2 = \frac{l}{c - v \cdot \cos \alpha} + \frac{l_1}{c_1} \tag{s}$$

Parameters I₁ and c₁ are constants given by the probe design.

The ultrasonic signal propagation velocity can be expressed as follows:

for the signal travelling in the fluid flow direction $\mathbf{v}_1 = c + \mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{COS}\alpha$

[m]



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$$\mathbf{v}_{2} = c - \mathbf{v} \cdot \cos \alpha$$

for the signal travelling against the fluid flow direction

The difference between the velocities of the ultrasonic signal travelling in and against the fluid flow direction is proportional to the fluid flow velocity v (m/s).

$$v = \frac{v_1 - v_2}{2 \cdot \cos \alpha}$$

The magnitude of the instantaneous fluid flow volume can be determined using the formula:

$$q = \mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{s} \cdot k(\mathbf{v}) \qquad (m^3 / h)$$

where v is the fluid velocity

[m/s];

s is the sensor flow cross-section

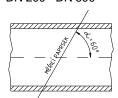
[m²] and

k(v) is a correction coefficient depending upon the instantaneous fluid flow velocity.

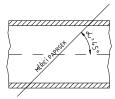
Coefficient k (v) modifies the measured flow rate value with respect to the fluid velocity profile inside the sensor.

The beam angle is associated with diameter of measuring pipe. This angle (for large dimensions SONOELIS SE401x.1 and SONOELIS SE402x.1) is 45° or 60°.

DN 200 - DN 500



DN 600 - DN 1200



1.3 Meter properties and functions

Ultrasonic flowmeters SONOELIS SE401x and SONOELIS SE402x are supplied in two optional configurations:

- Version ECONOMIC converter alone
- Version COMFORT converter plus display and control keyboard

Both meter versions can be provided with either single-ray or double-ray sensors.

ECONOMIC

This basic meter version without display or keyboard works as a device converting a fluid flow into electric signals.

Standard meter design:

- Power supply 110 or 230 V AC
- One frequency output
- One impulse output

Enhanced design:

- Power supply 24 V DC
- One current output
- Communication interface RS-485
- One switching (two-state) output
- Fluid temperature measurement function



If the meter includes a fluid temperature measurement device, the outputs can provide information on flow rates in weight units



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COMFORT

The basic version of flowmeter is supplemented by:

- LC display (visualisation of the measured values and meter parameters), and
- Four-button membrane keyboard facilitating meter parameter setting according to the customer requirements.

Flowmeter configurations

Meter version		Type des	Converter functions	
Weter version	Flowmeter	Converter	Sensor	Converter functions
ECONOMIC	SE4011.1	UP 2.10	UC 7.0 – single ray	Docio configuration
ECONOMIC	SE4021.1	UP 2.10	UC 7.2 – double ray	Basic configuration
COMFORT	SE4015.1	110.040	UC 7.0 – single ray	Basic equipment
COWIFORT	SE4025.1	UP 3.10	UC 7.2 – double ray	+ LC display + keyboard

Sensor UC 7.0 is a single-ray sensor including two ultrasonic probes, sensor UC 7.2 is a double-ray sensor including four ultrasonic probes.

The double-ray sensor makes possible more detailed scanning of the fluid velocity profile inside the meter sensor which, especially in cases of lower fluid flow velocities, ensures higher measurement precision.

1.4 Important user instructions

Ultrasonic flowmeters of the type series SONOELIS SE404x and SONOELIS SE406x are manufactured and tested in accordance with the applicable international directions and standards. To ensure successful meter commissioning and operation, the user shall observe all recommendations and instructions in the product manual.

1.4.1 Safety directions

- Prior to any meter manipulation, both the future meter user and installation staff shall read carefully and get well acquainted with the enclosed flowmeter documentation.
- The electric connections of the meter shall be made in strict observance of the relevant national directions and standards applicable to work with electrical equipment with special regard to health protection and labour safety.
- Meter installation, electric connections and commissioning shall be performed by duly qualified staff only.
- Make sure to observe all directions given in this manual concerning mechanical installation and electric connections, paying special attention to warning labels.
- In cases of suspected malfunction the customer shall not attempt to dismantle the meter assembly. Any meter repairs shall be reserved to the manufacturer or their duly authorised partners. The meter shall not be sent for repair without Representation of Meter Decontamination (see Part 17, ANNEXES).
- The key meter component parts are protected against unauthorised handling by manufacturing seals. Broken seals will imply loss of the rights to free warranty services!

1.4.2 Liabilities

ELIS PLZEŇ a. s. as a flowmeter manufacturer wish to supply their products in the best quality. All products developed by ELIS PLZEŇ a.s. are intellectual property of the company and subject to their copyright. This protection extends to any documentation supplied with the company products. Unless



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ELIS PLZEŇ a.s. have approved such conduct, no third person may amend or modify such documentation in any way. Any misuse of the above intellectual property is punishable.

The purpose of the documentation supplied with the product is to acquaint the customer with the product properties, its installation and application. The flowmeter user shall read thoroughly this manual and observe the manufacturer's directions contained herein. Such conduct will protect the customer against loss of the product warranty and prevent meter defects due to incorrect installation or use.

The flowmeter installation shall be reserved to a qualified firm with staff trained by ELIS PLZEŇ a.s. Such firm will be responsible for the correct meter installation and commissioning. ELIS PLZEŇ a.s. shall bear no liability for meter defects caused by its faulty installation, incorrect use or unprofessional parameter setting or programming.

ELIS PLZEŇ a. s. supply to the market a product certified for compliance with the valid standards where, included in the delivery package is, apart from this manual on project design, product installation and service, a Representation on Compliance. The supplied product is subject to a warranty as stated in the order confirmation document or purchase contract.

Manuals to products manufactured by ELIS PLZEŇ a.s. are subject to regular updating where the latest version of the manual is supplied with the product and can also be found on the Internet address www.elis.cz. ELIS PLZEŇ a.s. reserve to themselves the right to amend/update any pieces of the technical documentation to their proprietary products.

When placing an order, the buyer shall specify all required meter parameters, whereupon ELIS PLZEŇ a.s. as the seller will confirm the receipt of the order in writing and send it back to the buyer with their General Commercial Conditions. The meter supplies meet the requirements of the Czech Civil Code as amended. The product sent to the buyer is configured according to the confirmed order or the respective purchase contract. ELIS PLZEŇ a.s. shall not be liable for any design differences or meter parameters that have not been mutually specified and agreed.

Used in this manual for project design, product installation and service are the following symbols:



Warning: a faulty operation or incorrect setting may result in meter malfunction, damage or risk to health.



Supplementary information important for correct meter function or optional extension of the meter configuration.

1.5 Warranty

The flowmeters are subject to manufacturer's warranty as described in the valid commercial conditions of the seller. More detailed information on the warranty scope and conditions is contained in Part 14 hereof.

1.6 Certification

Ultrasonic flowmeters of the type series SONOELIS SE401x.1 and SONOELIS SE402x.1 have the following certificates (see Part 17, ANNEXES of this manual):

- Representation on CE compliance
- MID certificate TCM 142-16/5353 issued for ultrasonic flowmeters

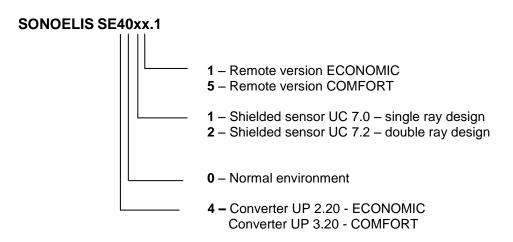


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2 METER IDENTIFICATION

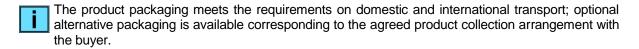
2.1 Flowmeters SONOELIS SE401x.1 and SONOELIS SE402x.1; type designation



2.2 Scope of delivery

2.2.1 SONOELIS SE401x.1 and SONOELIS SE402x.1; remote versions

- Converter for SONOELIS SE401x.1 nebo SONOELIS SE402x.1 in configuration in the customer order.
- Ultrasonic sensor UC 7.0 or UC 7.2 including coaxial cables.
- Manual Ultrasonic flowmeters SONOELIS SE401x.1 and SONOELIS SE402x.1



2.3 Associated documents

Meter calibration report – on request.



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2.4 Meter rating plates

2.4.1 System rating plate

This plate is attached on the top of converter box.

Remote meter version

FLOWMETER LAB	EL SE	4015.1	SN/Yea	r 4	7950/20	PR	ODUCER	: ELIS PIz	en a.s.	
		AMBIE	NT TEMP	0-	150 °C	TRANS	MITTER	UP3.20	SN/Year	47950/20
CLASS EMC E	OPER			_	COM.	ADDRESS	007	SENSOR	UC7.0	DN500/PN10
FLOW MINIMUM	Q_1		m³/h	FR	EQUEN	CY	0-1kHz		SN/Year	47950/15
FLOW PERMAN	Q_3	2000	m³/h	OU	JTPUT F	ULSE	100I/pul	se		
FLOW OVERLOAD	Q_4	2500	m³/h	CU	IRRENT		4-20mA	TEMP.	SENSOR	PT100

Example of the system rating plate

2.4.2 Converter rating plate

This plate is attached to the left side of the converter box

Remote meter version

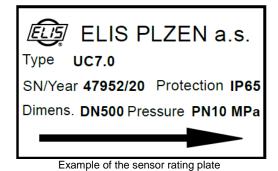


Example of the converter rating plate

2.4.3 Sensor rating plate

This plate is located on the sensor body

Remote meter version



ELIS PLZEŇ a. s., Luční 425/15, 301 00 Plzeň, tel.: 377 517 711, fax: 377 517 722



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3 METER DESIGN AND MATERIAL OPTIONS

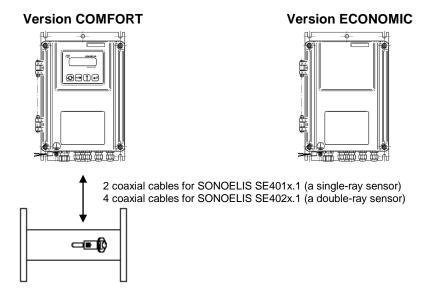
3.1 Remote meter version

If the meter design is described as "remote", it means that the meter sensor and converter are physically separated. Electrically these units are interconnected by coaxial cables.

Flowmeters SONOELIS SE401x.1 and SONOELIS SE402x.1 are manufactured in two design versions:

- Version ECONOMIC converter alone
- Version COMFORT converter plus display and keyboard

The only visible difference between flowmeters SONOELIS SE401x.1 (with a single-ray sensor) and SE402x.1 (double-ray sensor) is in their connection cables.



Sensor UC 7.0 (a single-ray) / UC 7.2 (a double-ray)

Remote meter version including an IP 54 sensor

The meter sensor is supplied with two or four coaxial cables connected to the sensor terminal box. After the sensor on-site installation, these cables need be brought to the meter converter and their other ends connected to the appropriate sensor terminals.

Remote meter version including an IP 68 sensor

The coaxial cables (one or two pairs) are connected to the sensor terminal box in production whereby the box is filled with liquid insulation compound.

Sensor installation in piping

The meter sensors UC 7.0, (a single-ray) and UC 7.2 (a double-ray) are always provided with flanges. Unless required otherwise, the sensor will be supplied with flanges are according to standard ČSN EN 1092-1. The customer may select other types of flange such as flanges according to standards ANSI B16.5, BS 4504, JS B2210 or others.

3.2 Operational pressure of the measured fluid

In the standard design version (with flanges according to standard ČSN EN 1092-1), ultrasonic meter sensors UC 7.0 and UC 7.2 of all available sizes can be used in piping systems PN10, PN16 and PN25. Nonstandard All-stainless steel version is possible from DN200 to DN500 for pressure range from PN10 to PN16.



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3.3 Sensor dimensions

Ultrasonic flowmeters SONOELIS SE404x and SONOELIS SE406x are designed to make possible flow rate measurements with the fluid velocity in the range 0.1 to 10 m/s. In practical situations, it is best to maintain the fluid velocity inside the sensor between 0.5 and 5 m/s. With fluid velocity too low the relative measurement error tends to grow, while at extra high fluid velocities the risk of disturbing flow turbulences cannot be avoided.

In case that the dimension of flowmeter is equal to the dimension of pipetrail the pressure loss is the same as the pressure loss for straight pipe line.



In cases where the operational fluid velocity in the given piping is low and the measurement error too high, it is possible to increase the fluid velocity in the sensor by using a reduction piece in the piping and a sensor of smaller diameter. The disadvantage of this solution is pressure loss on the piping reduction. Therefore, in practical situations the reduction is limited to nearest lower standard piping diameter.

The fluid velocity \mathbf{v} in piping can be calculated by the following formula:

$$v = v = \frac{0.0003536 \times Q}{DN^2}$$
 [m/s, m³/h, m]

where

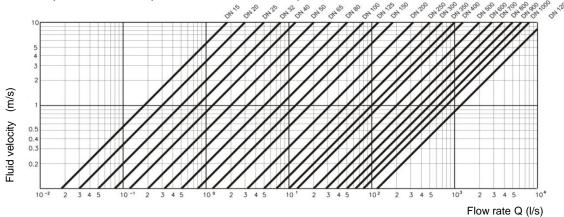
Q ... the fluid flow rate $[m^3/h]$, DN ... the piping diameter [m]



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Limit flow rates for various sensor sizes

DN	NPS	(gal/ı	min)	(m ³	/h)
DIN	141 0	Q ₁	Q_4	Q ₁	Q_4
200	8"	44,03	4403	10	1000
250	10"	52,83	5283	12	1200
300	12"	66,04	6604	15	1500
350	14"	79,25	7925	18	1800
400	16"	88,06	8806	20	2000
450	18"	101,27	10127	23	2300
500	20"	110,07	11007	25	2500
600	24"	132,09	13209	30	3000
700	28"	158,5	15850	36	3600
800	32"	180,52	18052	41	4100
1000	40"	224,55	22455	51	5100
1200	48"	268,57	26857	61	6100



Flow rate definition (according to standard EN ISO 4064-1 - OIML R 49):

Q₄... overload (maximum) flow rate

Q₁... minimum flow rate

Upon agreement with the manufacturer, flowmeters can be supplied with higher maximum flow rates than those shown in the table.



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4 INSTALATION

4.1 Delivery acceptance

Upon meter delivery, the buyer shall check integrity of the product packaging and the good condition of the product itself.

The delivery scope shall be checked in reference to the order specifications, delivery note and meter rating plates.



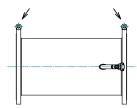
In cases of delivery more than one meter at a time, due attention shall be paid to matching the correct sensors and converters (see the system rating plates).

4.2 Meter handling



When lifting the meter, hold it by the flanges of transport eye, never by the connecting box or probes!

Recomended points of lifting





To prevent irreparable meter damage during transport, do not place any auxiliary parts inside the sensor.

In meter handling or lifting, use textile slings only. Chains or steel cables might damage the meter. It is recommended to transfer the flowmeter to the installation site in the original transport package.

4.3 Storage

During meter storage prior to installation, it is necessary:

- to maintain the specified storage conditions regarding temperature and relative humidity of the ambient air.
- to ensure that the meter is not exposed to direct sunlight (risk of damage to the meter display).



It is recommended to store the meter in its transport packaging and remove the protective wrapping and casing only immediately prior to the meter installation.

4.4 Installation conditions

4.4.1 General rules

The general rules to be observed during the mechanical assembly and installation of the meter are:

- the protective wrapping and casing shall be removed only prior to the meter installation,
- the arrow on the sensor body shall point in the direction of the positive fluid flow,
- the fluid flow direction in a meter sensor installed in vertical piping shall be upwards,
- the flanges on the piping shall be strictly parallel,
- the internal diameters of the piping and seals shall correspond to that of the sensor,



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- the sealing shall be correctly placed between the flanges and not extend into the flow profile,
- the piping supports at the meter input and output shall minimise the mechanical stresses on the sensor (vibration, tension, bend, and others).
- no piping support or brace shall be placed directly under the meter sensor.
- the converter shall be protected against direct sunshine,
- when choosing the meter installation place, make sure that the operators will have good access to the meter converter and all meter rating plates,
- the meter sensor shall always be fully flooded with the measured fluid with a minimum risk of fluid aeration.



Upon completion of the meter installation, make sure that no subsequent electric-arc welding work is done on the adjoining piping. Flanges must not be welded unto the piping ends with the meter sensor attached!

4.4.2 Straight piping sections

The meter installation place in the piping shall meet the requirements of standard EN ISO 4064-5 with the local conditions ensuring:

- stable fluid flow,
- stable fluid velocity profile,
- complete sensor flooding
- preventing the risk of cavitation and fluid foaming.

At the sensor input and output, there shall be straight piping sections of lengths specified as multiples of the inner piping diameter. In cases of bi-directional flow rate measurements, the conditions at the sensor input and output shall be the same.

It is desirable that no intermediate edge causing turbulence appears at the joint plane between the sensor and the adjacent piping section. The inner diameter of the piping connected to the meter sensor shall not be smaller and at the same time not greater than by 1% of the inner diameter of the sensor.

Generally, it is recommended to install the flowmeter sensor before the flow disturbing elements in the piping.



The movement of the measured fluid in the piping shall be as smooth as possible. If the piping system includes a pump generating pressure impulses in the fluid flow (e.g. a pneumatic pump), a suitable hydraulic damper shall be used.

Sensor UC 7.0 (a single-ray sensor)

For sensor UC 7.0, the required lengths of straight piping sections at the input and output of the sensor are 5 DN and 3 DN. Respectively, this rule applies in cases of simple flow-disturbing elements in the piping such as a 90°bend or taper.

For bi-directional flow rate measurement, the basic required lengths of straight piping sections at the sensor input and output are the same, namely 5 DN. If there are more than one flow-disturbing element (such as bend or fitting) found near the meter sensor, the required lengths of straight piping sections shall be the respective multiple of the basic lengths.

Sensor UC 7.2 (a double-ray sensor)

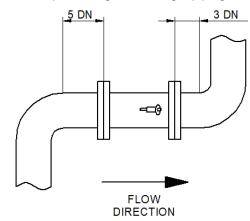
Using the same lengths of straight piping sections for UC7.2 as for UC7.0 will ensure higher precision of the flow measurements (see Section 9.3 below).



Ultrasonic flowmeters SONOELIS SE401x.1 and SONOELIS SE402x.1

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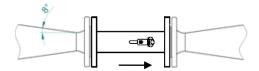
Basic required lengths of straight piping sections



If the flowmeter size is smaller than that of the adjoining piping, it is necessary to use conical reduction pieces with apex angle not exceeding 15°.

With horizontal piping, eccentric reduction pieces should be used to prevent generation of air bubbles – see standard ČSN ISO 6817.

Tapered reduction pieces with slope angle up to 8° can be considered straight piping sections.



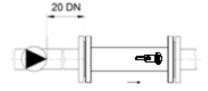
4.4.3 Pump operation effect limitation

To prevent pressure drop inside the sensor and related undesirable effects such as cavitation, generation of gas bubbles or fluid foaming, place the pump in the piping always at the sensor input side.



Pump placement at the sensor input side will suppress the cavitation effects and gas release from the measured fluid. Higher pressure in the piping system will keep the fluid under the saturated vapour pressure and so eliminate the cavitation effects.

The required length of straight piping section between the pump and meter sensor is at least 20 DN.



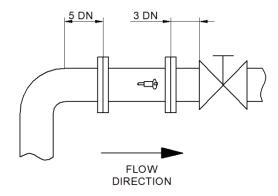
4.4.4 Limitation of the effects of closing and regulation fittings

To prevent negative effect on the fluid velocity profile in the sensor and cavitation, the closing and regulation fittings/valves should preferably be placed at the output side of the flowmeter. If it is so, the required length of straight piping section between the sensor and the nearest valve is 3 DN.

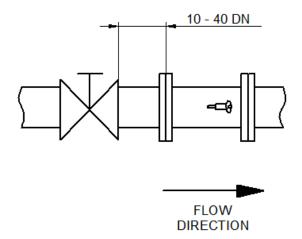


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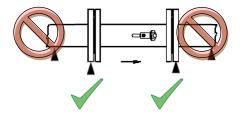


In cases where for technological reasons a full-flow fitting need be placed at the input side of the meter sensor, the recommended length of straight piping section is 10 DN. If such fitting is a regulation valve, the recommended length of straight piping section is 40 DN.



4.4.5 Limitation of the effects of vibration and other mechanical stresses

To prevent the action of mechanical stress and undesirable vibration, the piping sections at the sensor input and output shall be supported as near to the sensor as possible.



4.4.6 Sensor flooding

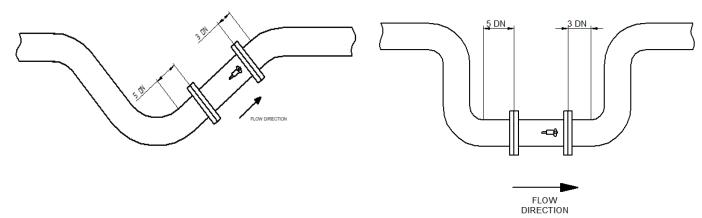
The meter sensor shall always be fully flooded with the measured fluid. In cases where such condition does not apply to the adjoining piping sections, the sensor position shall be such that its complete flooding is still achieved..



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The meter sensor shall not be located at the top of the piping system or, in vertical position, with the fluid

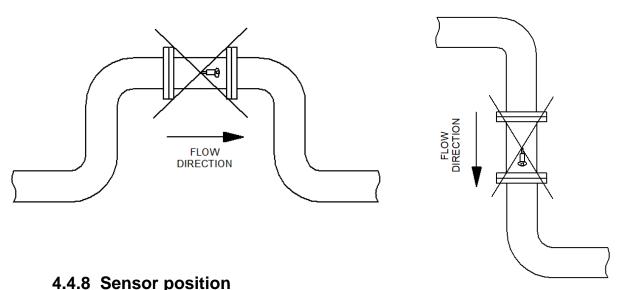


flow direction downwards, especially if the piping discharge point is near. Observance of this rule will prevent measurement errors due to higher concentration of air bubbles inside the sensor.

4.4.7 Incorrect meter placement

The meter sensor shall not be located at the top of the piping system or, in vertical position, with the fluid flow direction downwards, especially if the piping discharge point is near. Observance of this rule will prevent measurement errors due to higher concentration of air bubbles inside the sensor.

Unsuitable meter installation positions



The Concer position

The flowmeter position in the piping can be both horizontal and vertical.

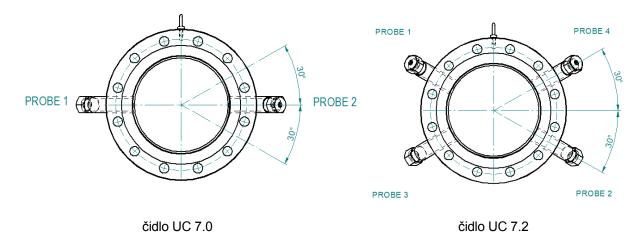
Suitable deviation from the ideal position of horizontal axis:

- sensor UC 7.0 (single-ray) ± 30° in both directions.
- sensor UC 7.2 (double-ray) ± 45° in both directions.



Ultrasonic flowmeters SONOELIS SE401x.1 and SONOELIS SE402x.1

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In cases of vertical sensor position, the fluid flow direction shall always be upwards. The piping discharge point shall be found at least 2 DN above the meter position.

4.5 Thermal insulation

If a flowmeter is to be installed in a thermally insulated piping, thermal insulation is usually applied on the meter sensor too. In such a case, observe the following rules:

- Thermal insulation is placed on the sensor only.
- The meter converter shall be protected against undesirable heating (by direct sunshine or thermal radiation from nearby equipment).

4.6 Flowmeter heating

In cases of flow rate measurements of fluids at sub-zero temperatures or at ambient temperatures near the limit on the permitted sub-zero fluid temperatures, the meter sensor may be thermally insulated and at the same time heated.

- The meter sensor can be heated electrically or using a heat-exchanger piping with a suitable heat-carrying medium.
- Recommended for electric heating is an AC-power system with a zero-switching regulation.



Ultrasonic flowmeters SONOELIS SE401x.1 and SONOELIS SE402x.1

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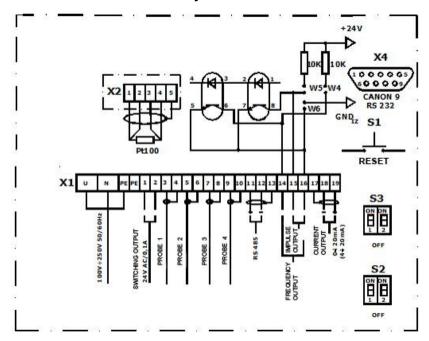
5 ELECTRICAL CONNECTION

5.1 Converter connection

Flowmeters SONOELIS SE401x.1 and SONOELIS SE402x.1 ude the same converter terminal box.

5.1.1 Converter connectors and terminal box

Converter UP 2.20 – single-ray Converter UP 3.20 – double-ray



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Connector X4 Canon 9 RS 232 is reserved for manufacturing and servicing purposes. Terminal strip X2 is used to connect temperature sensor Pt100 (the enhanced flowmeter version.

Standard meter version

Terminal strip X1	AC power supply
U	110 V AC (95 –132 V),
N	50 – 60 Hz 230 V AC (184 – 250 V),
PE	50 – 60 Hz

Enhanced meter version

Terminal strip X1	DC power supply
C (+)	24 V DC
D (–)	(19.2 – 28.8 V)
PE	



Ultrasonic flowmeters SONOELIS SE401x.1 and SONOELIS SE402x.1

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Output signals						
Ter	minal strip X1	Function				
1	Switching output	Status reporting				
2	24VAC, 0.1A	Status reporting				
11	+	50.45				
12	-	RS-485 communication line				
13	Shielding					
14	+	Frequency output passive/active				
15	+	Impulse output passive/active				
16	GND	Common ground				
17	Shielding					
18	_	Current output, active 4–20mA (0–20mA)				
19	+	· ==:::: (5 == :::::)				

Switching and setting elements

• Jumpers W4, W5 a W6 are used to select active or passive operation mode of the frequency and impulse outputs.

Active frequency output: connected W4, W6
 Active impulse output: connected W5, W6
 Passive frequency output: disconnected W4, W6
 Passive impulse output: disconnected W5, W6

- Push-button S1 is used to reset the aggregate volume data. It is found next to terminal strip X1.
- Switches S2 and S3 control the flowmeter operation and visualisation modes.

Flowmeter function	Data on display	Switch configuration
Operation	Instantaneous flow rate	S2 A S3 A S3
Operation	Instantaneous flow velocity	S2 The S3 The
Programming	EEPROM status	S2 S3 S
Service	Service data	S2 AT S3 A



Functions **Programming** and **Service** are reserved to manufacturing and servicing purposes.

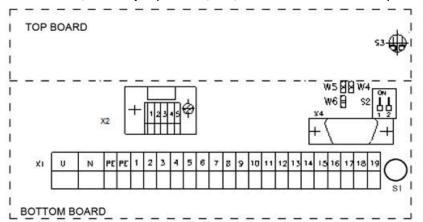
For established meter the whole sections S3 and S2.2 are sealed.



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Switches S2, S3 and jumpers W4, W5, W6 on the bottom and top boards



5.1.2 Ultrasonic probes connection

Connecting cables "sensor – converter" are connected to ultrasonic probes during production and they are not accessible by the user. Cover cap of sensor connection box is sealed.

5.2 Sensor to converter connection cables

In operation, the meter sensor and converter are interconnected by coaxial cables.

To minimise induction interference through the connecting cables, the meter converter should be placed as close to the meter sensor as practicable.

Maximum distance between the meter sensor and converter: 100m with the difference in the cable lengths not exceeding 0.1m.



The cables are supplied with the flowmeter. The buyer shall specify the required cable length.



The flowmeter as supplied to the customer has been calibrated with the cables interconnecting the meter sensor and converter in place. The customer shall not modify or replace these cables. Any cable replacement shall be reserved to duly authorised service staff or the meter manufacturer.

The cable positions shall be fixed. Should any cable movement be permitted, the associated changes in capacitance might have detrimental effect on the measurement precision, especially at low fluid flow velocities.

5.3 Power supply and data communication cables

If used in normal operating environments, the cables need not meet any special requirements. Applied to the project design and meter installation can be procedures associated with standard electronic measurement and control equipment. Nevertheless, strict adherence is compulsory to the applicable national regulations and standards.



Shielded cables are required to connect the current output, Pt100 temperature sensor and the RS 485 communication line. Shielding shall always be connected at one cable end only, at the side of the meter converter.



Ultrasonic flowmeters SONOELIS SE401x.1 and SONOELIS SE402x.1

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Shielded cables are also recommended to be used for the connection of frequency and impulse outputs. Here the shielding shall be connected at the cable end leading to the master data processing system.



The flowmeter includes no power switch. Unless it is provided with line cable and plug, the meter installation shall be made complete with a separate power switch or circuit breaker (see clause 6.11.3.1 of standard ČSN EN 61010-1).

The protective conductor of the line cable connected to the PE terminal shall be longer than conductors L and N. Should the power cable be pulled from the cable bushing, the PE conductor shall be disconnected as the last

5.4 Cable routes

To minimise electromagnetic interference, the cables from the meter sensor shall be laid at least 25cm away from the power cables to other electrical equipment.

The cable routes shall be chosen to prevent the risk of thermal degradation of the cable insulation due to nearness to hot technological equipment. All cables shall be led outside the thermal insulation on the piping.

Cables in bushings shall be sealed tight and the bushing tightened using suitable tooling. Every cable shall be secured in position against incidental pulling from the bushing at a distance not exceeding 0.3m from the bushing.

When installing a cable into a bushing, make sure to form a "dripping loop" on the cable (the cable should extend about 30mm horizontally from the bushing and then a U-shaped loop aiming downwards should provide the desired draining effect).

5.5 Power supply specifications

Flowmeters SONOELIS SE401x.1 and SONOELIS SE402x.1 can be supplied in design versions with either AC or DC power supply:

AC 110V power supply

- 110VAC (95–132V), 50–60Hz, 15VA max.
- Internal fuse T 250mA / 250V

AC 230V power supply

- 230VAC (184-250V), 50-60Hz, 15VA max.
- Internal fuse T 250mA / 250 V

DC power supply - the enhanced meter version

- 24VDC (19.2-28.8V), 15VA max.
- Internal fuse T 250mA / 250V



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5.6 Input and output connections

5.6.1 Frequency output

Functions and parameters

One frequency output: passive / active, insulated from the ground and other outputs
 Open collector: Umax = 30V, Imax = 20mA, common ground with impulse output

Active output: jumpers W4 and W6

o Passive output: no jumpers

• Status at power failure: open

Operational mode:

Frequency range: 0–10kHz, high-to-low ratio 1:1

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In specific cases, the frequency output can be used in the so-called "uniform impulse" mode of operation. It is a special function where the frequency output generates low-frequency impulses with high-to-low ratio 1:1. Depending on the sensor dimension, assigned to each of these impulses is a specific "impulse number" ranging from 1 to 500 litres per second. The magnitude of the impulse number to be used in the "uniform impulse" mode of operation shall be agreed between the customer and meter manufacturer.

When selecting the "uniform impulse" mode of operation, the customer may not simultaneously utilise the current output (the current output signal would show incorrect data).

Connections to terminal strip X1					
Output	utput Termina				
Fraguenay	14	+			
Frequency	16	-			



The frequency output signal quality depends on capacitance of the connecting cable. The adverse effect of the cable capacitance should be taken in account especially in cases where the output signal of frequency up to 10kHz needs be transferred over long distances.

Connection to the frequency output shall be made by a shielded cable.

The shielding shall be connected at the cable end leading to the master data processing system.

5.6.2 Impulse output

Functions and parameters

- One impulse output: passive / active, insulated from the ground and other outputs
- Open collector: Umax = 30V, Imax = 20mA, common ground with the frequency output
 - o Active output: jumpers W5 and W6
 - o Passive output: no jumpers
- Status at power failure: open
- Operational mode:
 - Impulses: maximum frequency 10 Hz

impulse number selectable from the range 0.1 to 10,000 litres per impulse

impulse length 50ms

The standard impulse number setting shall meet the condition f_{imp} < 10Hz – Irregular pulse

Sensor size	DN	200	250	300	350	400	450	500	600	700	800	900	1000	1200
Pulse number	l/imp	50	50	100	100	100	100	100	100	500	500	500	500	500



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Non-standard impulse number setting shall meet the condition f_{imp} < 10Hz – Regular pulse:

Sensor size	DN	200	250	300	350	400	450	500	600	700	800	900	1000	1200
pulse number	l/imp	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	250	250	250	250



Upon customer's request, other than the impulse numbers shown in the above table can be set in the manufacturing plant (including impulse numbers outside the standard values). More information can be found in Part 15, ORDER NUMBER.

Impulse number calculation for f = 10Hz:

1. Impulse number calculation for f = 10Hz

Impulse number = $Q_4/36$

(litres per impulse or m³ per hour)

2. The calculated value will be rounded up to the nearest higher value from the standard series or to the value specified by the customer. This procedure will ensure that the impulse output frequency will not exceed the limit of 10Hz.

Connections to terminal strip X1				
Output	Terminal			
Impulae	15	+		
Impulse	16	-		

Connection to the impulse output shall be made by a shielded cable.

The shielding shall be connected at the cable end leading to the master data processing system.

5.6.3 Current output 4-20mA (0-20mA)

Functions and parameters

- One current output: active, insulated from the ground and out outputs Umax = 24V
- Current range: 4–20mA (0–20mA) corresponding to flow rates 0 to Q₄

Measured flow parameters:

- Volume flow rate
- Relative volume flow rate (in per cent of the overload flow rate Q₄)
- Mass flow rate
- Relative mass flow rate (in per cent of the overload flow rate Q₄) (T)
- Volume (resulting/aggregate fluid volume)
- Volume + (fluid volume passed through the meter in positive direction) (O)
- Volume (fluid volume passed through the meter in negative direction)
- Mass (resulting/aggregate fluid mass)
- Mass + (fluid weight passed through the meter in positive direction) (T), (O)
- Mass (fluid weight passed through the meter in negative direction) (T), (O)
- Temperature (T
- Density (T)
- Sound propagation velocity
- Fluid flow velocity in the sensor flange plane



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Comment: Quantities "T" are measured and the measured data displayed only if the flowmeter assembly includes a thermometer; quantities "O" are measured and the measured data displayed only if the meter has been set for measurements in both fluid flow directions.



In cases of bidirectional measurement, a switching output is used to identify the fluid flow direction.

Connections to terminal strip X1					
Output	Output Terminal				
Current	17	Shielding			
4–20mA	18	-			
(0–20mA)	19	+			

Connection to the current output shall be made by a shielded cable.

The shielding shall be connected at the cable end leading to the meter converter.

5.6.4 Switching output

Functions and parameters

One switching output: passive, insulated from the ground and other outputs

• Optotriac: Umax = 24VAC, Imax = 100mA,

Operational status:
 OFF or ON, depending on the meter setting

Status at power failure: open

• Output setting options:

In cases of single-direction measurement, the switching output can be set at OFF or ON for the following meter conditions:

- o Indication of measured values exceeding the volume flow rate limit value,
- o Indication of measured values exceeding the mass flow rate limit value,
- o Indication of measured values exceeding the specified fluid volume value,
- Indication of measured values exceeding the specified fluid mass value,
- o Indication of measured values exceeding the specified temperature limit value,
- Indication of flowmeter defect.



If the flowmeter configuration is for bidirectional measurement, the switching output function is reserved for the fluid flow direction indication.

Connections to terminal strip X1				
Output	Terminal			
Switching	1			
Switching	2			



The external power source for the switching output shall be of the AC type.

5.6.5 Fluid temperature measurement

Input: temperature sensor PT100

Connections: 4 wires

Connections to terminal strip X2				
Therr	Terminal			
	Lead A	1		
PT100	Lead A	2		
	Lead B	3		



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	4
Shielding	5

Connections to the thermometer shall be made by shielded cables.

The shielding shall be connected at the cable end leading to the meter converter.

5.6.6 Communication interface RS-485

In enhanced meter versions, ultrasonic flowmeters SONOELIS SE401x.1 and SONOELIS SE402x.1 can be provided with an insulated serial line RS-485.

Recommended cable type: JYTY - AL, laminated foil 2Dx1 mm²

Connections:

Terminal strip X1	Line conductors
11	+
12	-
PE	Shielding

Line parameters:

Transmission speed: 4,800 Bd

Data bits: 8 Stop bit: 1

Parity: Selectable for each data transmission direction.

Interface RS-485 makes possible communication between the flowmeter and master control system regarding collection and transmission of data such as:

- Instantaneous fluid volume and mass flow rate.
- Aggregate volume or mass of the fluid passed through the meter sensor,
- Power failure time.
- Meter failure time,
- Measurement time,
- Counter resetting information (volume, time),
- Information on fluid temperature and density

RS-485 communication conditions:

- Meter call frequency: maximum one call per ten seconds
- In cases of unsuccessful meter call (no reply): repeated call no sooner than after five second
- At each call, only one service can be required

While the communication is in progress, the system test is being carried out. This test may be accompanied by a short display flash. Such flash does not indicate any system defect.

The ELIS RS-485 communication protocol is described in manufacturer's manual:

Es 90452K/a Ultrasonic flowmeters SONOELIS SEXXXX, Communication Protocol RS-485

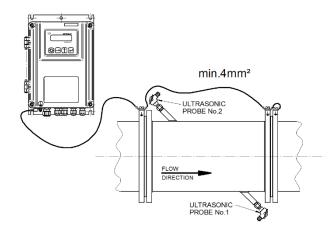


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5.7 Grounding, potential equalisation

The grounding bolts on the meter sensor and converter shall be connected by a Cu wire of minimum cross-section of 4mm². At the same time, connect the grounding point on the converter with that on the power switchboard using a Cu wire of minimum cross-section 1.5mm².





These interconnections shall not be simultaneously used for potential equalisation of other equipment.

6 METER COMMISSIONING

6.1 Check on electrical connections

Prior to meter energising, make sure that:

- · the line voltage complies with the specifications on the meter rating plate,
- the power network is provided with suitable protection devices,
- all terminals and electric contacts are properly tightened,
- the installation cables are:
 - free of any visible signs of damage,
 - connected to the correct terminals both in the meter and the cooperating master control system.
 - secured against excessive stress (pulling from the bushings) and
- the required interconnections and the meter connection to the reference potential have been made according to the manual specifications.

6.2 Check on other installation details

To attain the equipment IP class referred to in Part 8, TECHNICAL DATA, make sure that:

- the installation cables are of the size corresponding to the cable bushing dimensions,
- dripping loops have been formed on the connecting cables,
- in the given meter position, no cable outlets or bushings aim upwards.
- all covers and lids on the meter boxes have been properly tightened.

After each service action check:

- the condition and integrity of all sealing elements and surfaces,
- tighten all cable bushings and box lids/covers with suitable tooling.



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6.3 Check on the meter installation site

Průtokoměry jsou dodávány nakalibrované, funkčně ověřené a s nastavenými parametry podle specifikace zákazníka.

Prior to the meter commissioning make sure that the meter has been installed in observance of the conditions in Section 4.4 above and that the adjacent technological equipment cannot adversely affect the meter operation by, among others.:

- · excessive external heating,
- thermal stress on the cable insulation,
- · piping vibration or mechanical shock.

6.4 Check on the operating conditions

Prior filling the fluid piping with the meter installed make sure that the fluid parameters (temperature and pressure) will not exceed the limit values specified on the meter rating plate and that no risk to health or life of the operators may arise.



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7 FLOWMETER OPERATION AND CONTROL

7.1 Verze ECONOMIC

The converter of the SONOELIS SE401x.1 or SONOELIS SE402x.1 flowmeter in the ECONOMIC version has no display or keyboard and its functions are limited to conversion of the fluid flow parameters to electric signals. About ten seconds after connecting to the power source, the meter will assume the measuring mode of operation with the frequency, impulse and current outputs activated. The output parameters have been set at the manufacturing plant according to the customer specifications.

7.2 The COMFORT meter version

Compared to the ECONOMIC version, the SONOELIS SE404x and SONOELIS SE406x flowmeters in the COMFORT design version are provided with two-line LC displays and four-button control keyboards. About ten seconds after connecting to the power source, the meter functions will be in operational condition whereby the following greeting text will appear on the display for about three seconds:

Flowmeter by E L I S

7.2.1 Display

Shown on the display are the meter operational conditions and measured data values in configuration specified by the customer/user.

Upon connecting to the power supply, the meter will automatically assume the data display mode of operation with the so-called "selected quantity" displayed.

7.2.1.1 Meter status information

The last sign on the second display line is used to indicate the current meter status:

- I Meter electronic system initiation
- + Measurement in positive flow direction
- Measurement in negative flow direction
- C Measured value calculations, output signal generation and data visualisation
- W Waiting
- T Data communication sending mode

Under normal meter operation, the above symbols appear in turns on the display. In cases of meter failure due to:

- Sensor defect,
- · Sensor cable defect,
- · Air bubble or
- Mechanical particle in the fluid piping

the last sign appearing on the first display line will be "R" while the signs "I" and "+" will appear in turns at the end of the second display line.

Should the electronic system of the meter fail, this alternating appearance of characters on the second display line will cease.



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7.2.1.2 Display functions

Visualised on the meter display can be up to three measured quantities.

The first display line shows the instantaneous value of the volume or mass flow rate.

The second display line shows in turns the aggregate value of the fluid volume passed through the meter sensor (or the corresponding fluid weight) and the measured fluid temperature (provided the meter configuration makes temperature measurement possible).

The data alternation frequency can be set. The duration of the data appearance on the display depends on the number of measurement cycles

7.2.2 Control pushbuttons:

Using the converter keyboard, the user may, within the limitations of the user control menu, control, set and modify the flowmeter functions to adjust them to the current needs and character of the plant technology.









Pushbutton functions

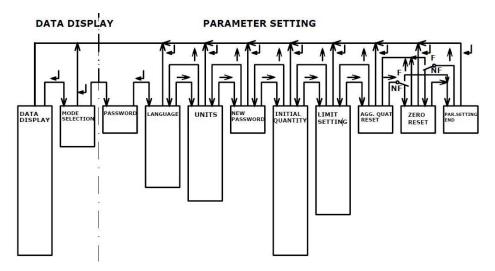
- ltem selection from the offered options (a cyclic function)
 - Sign selection (+/-, decimal point, points in calendar date, colon in time information).
- Move to the previous menu block (to the left)
 - Setting numeric values 0–9 (a cyclic function)
- Move to the next menu block (to the right)
 - Move of the position for the setting of numeric values
- Confirmation of the current operation



Pushbutton control actions do not interfere with the meter measurement functions.

Schematic diagram of the meter control menu

The meter can be run in one of the two basic operational modes: the DATA DISPLAY and PARAMETER SETTING modes. To switch from one mode to the other and to move among individual function blocks use the pushbutton shown at the given interface position in the schematic diagram shown below. For example, to move from the LANGUAGE SELECTION to the UNIT SELECTION blocks, use pushbutton \bigcirc . To return to the previous block, use pushbutton \bigcirc .





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Function block ZERO SETTING is available in technological meters only (the software switch in the NF position). In commercial meters (the switch in the F position) this block is not available.

7.2.3 Review of measured quantities

Volume flow rate			
Relative volume flow rate (in per cent of the overload flow rate Q ₄))		
Mass flow rate	(T)		
Relative mass flow rate (in per cent of the overload flow rate Q ₄)	(T)		
Volume (the resulting/aggregate volume)			
Volume + (passed through the meter sensor in positive direction)	(O)		
Volume - (passed through the meter sensor in negative direction)	(O)		
Mass (the resulting/aggregate mass/weight)		(T)
Mass + (passed through the meter sensor in positive direction)	(T), (C)	O)	
Mass - (passed through the meter sensor in negative direction)	(T), (C)	O)	
Temperature	(T)		
Density	(T)		
Sound propagation velocity			
Fluid flow velocity in the sensor flange plane			
Beginning of operational interval (date and time of the summary va	alue re	esettii	ng)
Operation time			
Failure time			
Power failure time			
Calendar date			
Time			

Comment:

Quantities designated (T) are measured and the measured data displayed provided the meter configuration includes a thermometer; quantities designated (O) are measured and the measured data displayed provided the meter has been set for bidirectional measurements.



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7.2.4 Measured quantity units

The units in which the measured quantities are to be displayed shall be specified by the customer in the meter order form.

Volume flow rate	Mass flow rate	Volume	Mass
m ³ /h m ³ /min	t/h t/min	1,000 m ³ m ³	1,000 t
m ³ /s I/h I/min	t/s kg/h kg/min	1,000 bbl bbl	kg 1,000 ton ton
l/s bbl/h	kg/s ton/h	1,000 ft ³ ft ³	lb
bbl/min bbl/s	ton/min ton/s	1,000 gal gal	
ft ³ /h ft ³ /min ft ³ /s	lb/h lb/min lb/s		
gal/h gal/min	10/0		
gal/s			

Temperature	Density	Velocity
°C	t/m³	m/s
°F	kg/m³	ft/s
	g/cm ³	
	ton/m ³	
	lb/ft ³	

Unit names

Unit	Name
bbl	US barrel (fluid)
ft	foot
gal	US gallon
ton	US tonne
lb	pound
m ³	cubic metre
I	litre

Unit	Name	
S	second	
min	minute	
h	hour	
°C	degree Centigrade	
°F	degree Fahrenheit	
t	tonne	
kg	kilogram	



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7.2.5 Unit conversion constants

	1 4 3 n	3/ :
Volume flow rate	$1 \text{ m}^3/\text{h} =$	0.01666667 m ³ /min
		0.0002777778 m ³ /s
		1,000 l/h
		16.66667 l/min
		0.2777778 l/s
		6.289387 bbl/h
		0.1048231 bbl/min
		0.001747052 bbl/s
		35.31467 ft ³ /h
		0.5885778 ft ³ /min
		0.009809630 ft ³ /s
		264.1708 gal/h
		4.402846 gal/min
		0.07338077 gal/s
Mass flow rate	1 t/h =	1.102311 ton/h
		0.01837185 ton/min
		0.0003061975 ton/s
		2,204.623 lb/h
		36.74371 lb/min
		0.6123952 lb/s
Volume	1 m ³ =	6.289387 bbl
		35.31467 ft ³
		264.1708 gal
Mass/weight	1 t =	1.102311 ton
		2,204.623 lb
Density	1 t/m ³ =	1.102311 ton/m ³
-		62.42797 lb/ft ³
Temperature	t _{F=}	32 + 1.8 t _c
Velocity	1 m/s =	3.280840 ft/s
	I	



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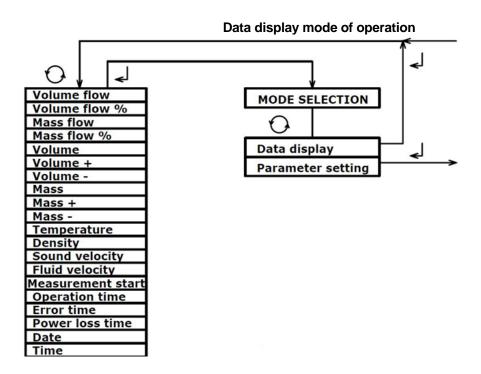
7.2.6 Data display mode

The list of measured quantities included in Section 7.2.3 applies to the enhanced meter design version. In the data display mode of operation, each of these quantities can be selected to be visualised. The first display line shows the quantity name in one of the seven optional languages (Czech, English, German, Russian, Spanish, Italian and French), the second line the quantity value and the associated measurement unit.

Upon meter energising, the data display mode is automatically selected with the initial quantity value shown on the display.

Use pushbutton \odot to display the next item on the list of the measured quantities. Unless the same button is activated within five minutes again, the display will automatically return to visualising the initial quantity.

Use pushbutton ☐ in the DATA DISPLAY block to move to the MODE SELECTION block where the required mode can be selected by pushbutton ☐. Upon confirmation of this selection by pushbutton ☐, the meter will enter the selected mode.



7.2.6.1 Volume flow rate

The instantaneous volume flow rate value is displayed in the form of three- or four-digit number (as specified by the manufacturer with respect to the type of meter application). If the meter has been set for bidirectional measurement, the sign of plus or minus will appear before the number. The positive sign indicates fluid flow in the direction of the arrow on the meter sensor, the negative sign the opposite flow direction.

7.2.6.2 Relative volume flow rate

The figure on the display is the volume flow rate value in per cent of the overload flow rate Q4

7.2.6.3 Mass flow rate

Provided the flowmeter configuration includes a thermometer and the relationship between the fluid density and temperature is known, displayed is the mass flow rate under similar conditions as described



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in Section 7.2.5.1. If no thermometer has been installed, this display mode selection by pushbutton will be automatically skipped.

7.2.6.4 Relative mass flow rate

See the comments in Section 7.2.5.2.

7.2.6.5 *Volume*

The displayed quantity is the aggregate flow volume passed through the meter sensor from the beginning of the current operational interval. The start of an operational interval is given by actuation of the S1 resetting pushbutton or receipt via the RS-485 communication line of the resetting command from the master control system or by actuation of the meter keyboard pushbuttons as described in Section 7.2.7.7 below.

The basic resolution in volume display is 0.01 litre. The displayed figure may have up to seven valid digits. Should the volume value exceed the seven-digit format, is will be displayed in the form of E^n (n =1,2 ... 9). The maximum value that may appear on the display is $2.8x10^9 \,\mathrm{m}^3$.

In cases of bidirectional measurement, the volume value is equal to the difference between the fluid volumes passed through the meter sensor in the positive and negative directions (the "resulting volume"). The resulting volume will then be denoted as "plus" or "minus".

7.2.6.6 Volume +

This quantity will only be displayed if the meter has been set for bidirectional measurement. Volume + is the fluid volume passed through the meter sensor in the direction of the arrow on the sensor body. Regarding the format and scope of the displayed values, see Section 7.2.6.5.

7.2.6.7 Volume -

See section 7.2.6.6., but for the opposite fluid flow direction.

7.2.6.8 Mass

See section 7.2.6.5, but for fluid mass display. The basic resolution in mass display is 0.01 kg.

7.2.6.9 Mass +

See the comments in Section 7.2.6.6.

7.2.6.10 Mass -

See section 7.2.6.7.

7.2.6.11 *Temperature*

Temperature may only be displayed if the flowmeter configuration includes a thermometer. The measurement resolution is 0.1°C.

7.2.6.12 Density

Fluid density may only be displayed if the flowmeter configuration includes a thermometer.

7.2.6.13 Sound propagation velocity

Displayed is the acoustic signal propagation velocity in the measured fluid.

7.2.6.14 Fluid flow velocity

Displayed is the flow velocity of the measured fluid in the sensor flange plane.

7.2.6.15 Beginning of operational interval

The calendar date, hour and minute of the beginning of the recent operational interval (the latest resetting of the aggregate measured values).

7.2.6.16 Operation time

The period in hours, minutes and seconds elapsed since the recent beginning of the operational interval during which the flowmeter performed measurements without any defects.



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7.2.6.17 *Failure time*

The period in hours, minutes and seconds elapsed since the beginning of the recent operational interval during which the flowmeter has been energised but did not perform measurements due to a defect.

7.2.6.18 Power failure

The period in hours, minutes and seconds elapsed since the beginning of the recent operational interval during which the meter was not energised.

7.2.6.19 Calendar date

Information on the current calendar date.

7.2.6.20 Time

Information on the current time of the day.

7.2.7 Parameter setting mode

Upon entering the parameter setting mode (as described in Section 7.2.6.), the meter will ask the operator for the password consisting of a four-digit number.

7.2.7.1 Password entry

The top display line will display the legend:



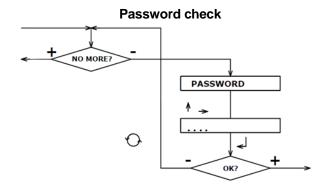
In the first position on the bottom display line will appear the number of 0. By repeated actuation of pushbutton \bigcirc increase the number always by one; after 9 will follow 0 again. After selecting the correct number in the first position, move to the second position by actuating pushbutton \bigcirc where 0 will appear. Repeat the procedure until the correct password. i.e. combination of four numbers appears on the bottom display line.

Confirm the complete password by actuating pushbutton . Provided the correct passwords has been entered, the system will move to the LANGUAGE SELECTION block. If the password is wrong, the system will require a new password entry.

After three unsuccessful attempts at password entry the system will switch to the data display mode and will not permit any more attempts at entering the parameter setting mode. To have a chance to enter the parameter setting mode in such situation, the operator must switch the meter power off and on again.

Should the user forget their password, it is possible to use the manufacturer's password (0200). The procedure of entering the manufacturer's password is as follows: switch off the meter power supply, actuate pushbutton —, actuate and hold in depressed position pushbutton — white switching on the power supply again.

Upon entering the parameter setting mode, the user may change their password using the procedure described in Section 7.2.7.4.





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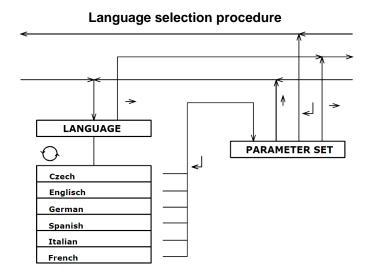
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7.2.7.2 Language selection

The user may choose any of the seven communication languages stored in the meter memory. The language selection is the very first step following successful password entry and opening of the parameter setting mode of operation. The top display line will then read.

LANGUAGE SELECTION

in the previously chosen communication language. The initial language setting will be Czech or the language specified by the customer in their order documentation. Shown on the bottom display line will be the language name, e.g. Czech. Actuate repeatedly pushbutton to select the desired language and confirm your selection by pushbutton . The message on the display will then confirm the selection in the recently specified language.



7.2.7.3 Unit selection

The unit selection procedure makes it possible to assign to each measured quantity the physical unit in which the measured values are to be displayed.

The top display line will first read:

UNIT SELECTION

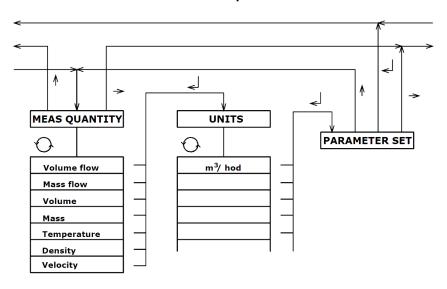
with the quantity name shown on the bottom line. Use pushbutton \bigcirc to select the desired quantity. Upon actuating pushbutton \bigcirc the quantity name will move to the top line while on the bottom line will appear one of the relevant measuring units. Select the required unit by pushbutton \bigcirc and confirm your selection by actuating pushbutton \bigcirc . Using \bigcirc select another measured quantity or move on to the next step in meter parameter setting by actuating pushbutton \bigcirc .



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Unit selection procedure

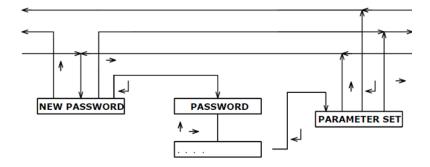


7.2.7.4 New password

NEW PASSWORD

The user may change the password needed to enter the parameter setting mode at any time. Upon actuating pushbutton the meter will invite the user to define the new password. In the first digital position on the bottom line will appear "0". Proceed with the password number setting as described in Section 7.2.6.1. above. Confirm your selection by pushbutton whereby the word DONE will appear on the display. From that moment on the parameter setting mode may only be entered with the new password.

New password definition procedure





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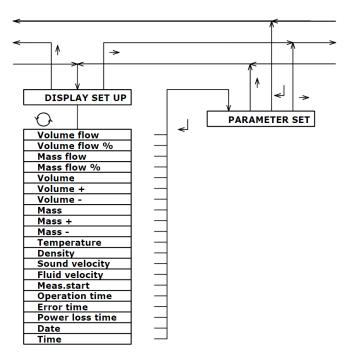
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7.2.7.5 Selection of the initial measured quantity

INITIAL QUANTITY

Shown on the bottom display line will be a quantity name. Using pushbutton select the desired initial quantity and confirm your selection by pushbutton . The display will then show the word DONE.

Initial quantity selection procedure



7.2.7.6 Parameter setting

PARAMETER SETTING

Select the parameter by pushbutton and confirm your selection by . The parameter name will then move to the top display line with the most recently set measuring unit shown on the bottom line (excepting calendar date and time). This measuring unit will always be the same as that selected for the respective measured quantity. For example, if volume flow rate is displayed in litres per second, then the limit volume flow rate will also be set in litres per second. If the meter has been set for mass flow rate measurement and the measured data are displayed in tons, the impulse number will also be set in tons. Upon actuating pushbutton , the legend on the bottom display line will be replaced by "0". Use pushbuttons and to set the desired number where pushbutton is reserved for insertion of special signs (the decimal point in numbers and point and colon with calendar date and time).



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Setting of days of the week:

- 0 Sunday
- 1 Monday
- 2 Tuesday
- 3 Wednesday
- 4 Thursday
- 5 Friday
- 6 Saturday

A decimal number shall have no more than seven digits. The date and time information shall include initial zeroes (for example the date 3 July 2001 shall be written as 03.07.01, the time 9h 7min as 09:07:00).

The parameter setting shall be confirmed by pushbutton . In cases of commercial meters, overload flow rate Q4, impulse number or meter insensitivity parameter cannot be set by the user (this setting is reserved to an authorised testing laboratory). The setting of these parameters will not be included among the meter specifications.

Review of meter parameters:

Qmax maximum flow rate (overload flow rate Q₄ in given measurement units)

ICIS impulse number specifying flow volume or mass (in given measurement units) per one

impulse at the impulse output

Date current calendar date
Day current day of the week

Time current time

Insensitivity flow rate value in per cent of the overload flow rate Q₄ below which the meter displays

zero flow rate value and the zero values are also indicated at the meter outputs

Limit vol.f.r. The limit volume flow rate is the flow rate value at which the switching output is actuated

(provided such output has been assigned to this measured quantity)

Limit m. f.r. The limit mass flow rate with similar function as that described for the limit volume flow

rate

Volume limit The limit flow volume value with similar function as that described for the previous three

parameters

Mass limit The limit flow mass, see the previous four parameters Temp. limit The limit temperature, see the previous five parameters

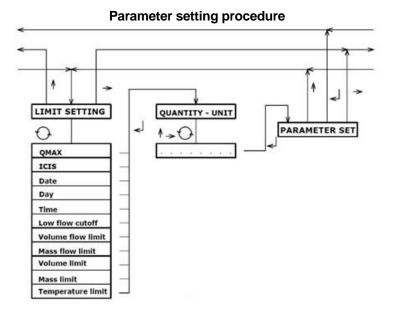


All meter parameters shall be set in measurement units selected using the procedure described in Section 7.2.7.3. Should alternative measurement units be selected, the parameters values need be redefined to prevent meter malfunction.



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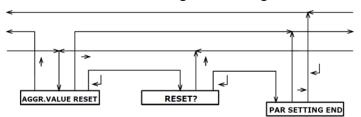
7.2.7.7 Resetting of aggregate quantities

Upon entering this block, the words REGISTER RESETTING will appear on the display. You may skip this function be actuating pushbutton \boxdot . For resetting of the summation registers, use pushbutton \boxdot . The meter will then ask:

RESETTING DESIRED?

By pushbutton ① you may return to the beginning of this procedure without any resetting action performed. To continue with resetting, actuate pushbutton ②. Resetting concerns all aggregate flow values (both volume and mass), time periods (operation and failure times, power supply failure period), while the beginning of a new operation period (calendar date, hour and minute) will be defined where the completion of these operations will be reported on the meter display by the message of COMPLETED.

Summation register reseting



7.2.7.8 Zero setting

Prior to leaving the manufacturing plant, the correct setting of each flowmeter is carefully checked. One of the parameters set in production is the meter zero. It means that at zero flow rate (zero fluid flow velocity through the meter sensor) the measured flow rate (flow velocity) is zero. The zero setting (i.e. zero shift) is expressed in mm/s. The zero shift determined in the manufacturing plant is referred to as production setting and its value is stored in the meter memory.

The ageing of the meter component parts and other conditions during the meter operation may result in a slight shift of the meter zero. Its ready correction can be done by the zero-setting block.



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The zero-setting procedure should be reserved to extraordinary situations where the user suspects incorrect measurement in the realm low flow rates. The setting procedure requires that zero flow rate through the meter sensor can be maintained. Make sure to check tightness of the closing valves in the piping.

Upon entering the zero-setting block, the meter will offer the options of production and automatic setting. The selection is done by pushbutton , confirmation by pushbutton . In the production setting option, the zero shift value determined in the manufacturing plant is selected.

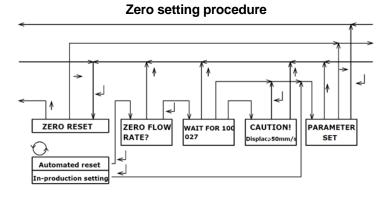
In the automatic zero setting mode, the meter will first ask if the fluid flow rate is really zero (the essential condition for successful zero setting). If it is not, you may return to the beginning of the process by actuating pushbutton ①. Upon confirmation by pushbutton ② the meter will display the instruction WAIT FOR 100. The setting procedure requires 100 measuring cycles. The current cycle number is shown on the bottom display line.

After 100 measuring cycles the zero shift will be determined. Provided it does not exceed 50 mm/s, the measured value will be stored and the display will report DONE. Should the shift be greater than 50 mm/s, a message to this effect will appear on the meter display.

The latter situation is rather improbable, and it is recommended to make sure again that no fluid is passing through the meter sensor. Use pushbutton 1 to return to the beginning of the process and pushbutton 1 to start the zero setting procedure again.



The ZERO SETTING block is only available in technological meters (not in commercial ones).



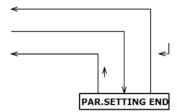
7.2.7.9 End of parameter setting exercise

At the end of the chain of parameter setting blocks you arrive at



By actuating pushbutton the system will move to the data display mode of operation. Should you wish to return to any of the setting operations, actuate pushbutton to return to the previous block.

End of parameter setting





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7.2.8 Automated test

The automated meter test is only available in the COMFORT meter version. This test is reserved to extraordinary situations where the meter does not work although apparently all required operational conditions have been met.

Prior to running the test make sure to check

- the meter converter and sensor connection,
- power supply connection,
- · complete sensor flooding and
- arrange for zero fluid flow rate.

Start the test by switching off the power supply, then actuate pushbutton S1 (volume resetting) and, holding pushbutton S1 depressed, switch the power supply on again. Upon releasing the pushbutton, the following message will appear on the meter display:

TEST SENSOR FULL?

If this is the case, i.e. the meter sensor is complete flooded, activate shortly pushbutton S1 again. The display will then read:

LIQUID DOES NOT FLOW?

If you are sure that the fluid flow rate is really zero, activate shortly pushbutton S1 again. This action will start the test of the ultrasonic signal passability through the measure fluid in direction 1:

TEST UTS THROUGH.1

If the test result is satisfactory, message "OK" will appear on the display for about four seconds whereby the passability test in the opposite fluid flow direction will be started:

TEST UTS THROUGH.2

After successful completion of this partial test the test process continues with the display of the amplification values related to the ultrasonic signal passed in both direction, for example:

UTS THROUGHPUT D1 = 4,56 D2 = 4,55



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These values are of informative nature only. Under normal circumstances the values should be between 4.00 and 4.00, and their difference not exceed 0.10.

After about 4s the system will start measurement of the ultrasonic signal propagation velocity.

The top display line will read:

UTS RATE

After the measurement taking about 1s the measured value will be shown on the bottom display line, for example:

1510,6 m/s

If the measured value lies within limits specified by the manufacturer for the given liquid, the display message will read:

RATE LIMITS OK END OF TEST

After another 4s the meter will commence normal operational measurements.

Should the test indicate a passability error, the message on the meter display will have "ER" instead of "OK". Then, after 4s, the automated probe cleaning process will start and continue for five minutes. During that time, the display will read:

CLEAN.UTSP 5 MIN 111111111.....

The numbers on the bottom display line show the progress of the cleaning process. During each minute, one "1", "2", "3" etc. is added every four seconds so that the line will eventually fill up with 15 identical numbers at the end of each of the five minutes. With the probe cleaning process completed, another signal passability test will be carried out. If its result is still negative, shown on the meter display will be the following message:

DEFECT END OF TEST

The flowmeter will have to be dismantled from its installation place and either sent for repair to the manufacturer or a serviceman invited to come and check the meter condition on site



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If an error is indicated in velocity measurement, i.e. the measured velocity value lies outside physically possible limits (VUTS < 900 m/s, VUTS > 1700 m/s), the probe cleaning process will be started (unless it has been already done) and the ultrasonic signal velocity measurement repeated. Should the result still be negative, the following message will appear on the display:

DEFECT END OF TEST

and the test series will be ended.

If the measured velocity value lies outside the specified limits but inside those physically possible, the display message will read:

UTS RATE LIMITS ADJUSTMENT

whereby the specified velocity limits will automatically be adjusted with respect to the measured velocity value. The meter display will then show the following message:

RATE LIMITS OK END OF TEST

and the meter will after 4s switch to the normal measurement mode.

Should the meter in this situation still not work properly, the test sequence can be repeated. A failure to restore satisfactory meter performance even then will necessitate removal of the meter from operation and communication with the manufacturer regarding meter service or repair action.



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8 TECHNICAL DATA

Basic meter parameters						
Measurement principle	Fluid flow velocity measurement by ultrasonic signals, the transit time method					
Fluid flow velocity measurement scope	0.1–10 m/s					
Rated piping sizes	Standard sizes: DN200 - DN1200 Special: NPS 8" - 24"					
Meter design	Remote version					
Ultrasonic probe material	Stainless steel, grade 1.4571					
Meter sensor design	With flanges					
Construction materials	Converter box: die casting, Al alloy Sensor: measuring pipe – stainless steel 1.4301 Flanges and sensor housing: standard version – carbon steel enhanced – stainless steel 1.4301					
Surface finish	Sensor connection box: powder paint Flanges and sensor housing: standard version – powder paint					
Power supply	Standard meter version: Line voltage AC 110V 110VAC (95–132V), 45–65Hz, 15VA max. Internal fuse T250mA / 250V Line voltage AC230V 230VAC (184–250V), 45–65Hz, 15VA max. Internal fuse T250 mA / 250V Enhanced meter version 24VDC (19.2–28.8V), 15VA max. Internal fuse T250mA / 250V					

Back-up battery	Li battery 3 V (lifetime 5 years)		
Operating environment	Free of explosion risk		
EMC-environment class	A,B,C/E1,E2		
Protection class	Converter: IP 66 Sensor: standard meter version IP 54, enhanced version IP 68		
Pressure loss	Insignificant, if the inner measuring pipe diameter is the same as the inner pipe track diameter		
Start-up time	30 minutes		



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Functions and properties				
Meter display	Two-line alphanumeric LC display (2 x16 characters)			
Control panel	4-button keyboard			
Languages	Czech, English, German, Russian, Spanish, Italian, French			
Measurement units	Metric US GB			
Functions	Single / bidirectional measurements of: • volume flow rate • fluid volume passed through the meter sensor • fluid temperature • physical properties of fluid Communication with external devices			
Zero insensitivity	Adjustable within the range of 0.1 to 25% Q ₄			
Status following pow failure	Meter configuration and parameters: unchanged			
	Frequency/impulse/switching outputs: open			

Process parameters				
Fluid temperature	Standard meter version	0°C to +150°C		
	Enhanced version	−20°C to +180°C		
Pressure class	PN10, PN16, PN25 (DN200 to DN1200)			
	Class 150 for NPS 8" - 24"			
Solid particle content	≤ 2 %		•	
Gas content	≤ 5 %			

Measurement precision					
Reference conditions	Reference conditions See Part 9, CALIBRATION				
Measurement precision at reference conditions	Standard meter version: according to standard ČSN EN ISO 4064-1				

Ambient conditions	
Operational temperature	Standard range: +5°C to +55°C
Relative humidity	80% max.
Storage temperature	-10°C to +70°C at relative humidity not exceeding 70%



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Outputs					
One current output 4–20mA (0–20mA)	Active, insulated from the ground and other outputs				
One frequency output	Passive, insulated from the ground and other outputs U _{extmax} = 30V, Imax = 20mA Active, insulated from the ground and other outputs U = 24V, Common GND with impulse output Open collector Frequency range 0–10kHz, high-to-low ratio 1:1				
One impulse output	Passive: insulated from the ground and other outputs Uextmax = 30V, Imax = 20mA Active: insulated from the ground and other outputs U = 24V, Common GND with frequency output Open collector Impulses: maximum frequency 10Hz impulse length 50ms impulse number range 0.1 to 10,000 litres per impulse				
One switching output	Passive: insulated from the ground and other outputs Umax = 30VAC, Imax = 100mA				
Communication interface	RS-485, insulated from the ground and other outputs				

Cables				
Power supply	Standard cables used with measurement and regulation equipment			
Data transfer cables	Twisted pair, shielded			
Connecting cables for remote meter version	Coaxial cables supplied with the meter: 2 pcs SONOELIS SE401x.1 4 pcs SONOELIS SE402x.1 Standard length: 6m Maximum length: 100m			
RS-485 communication cable	JYTY – AL, laminated foil 2Dx1mm ²			
Cable bushings	Remote meter version: Converter: UP 2.20 (1 measuring ray) UP 3.20 (2 measuring rays) Ultrasonic probe:	1 x PG 9, 5 x PG 7 1 x PG 9, 7 x PG 7 1 x M20x1.5		



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9 CALIBRATION

9.1 General

The flowmeter is supplied from the manufacturing plant with its functions verified, calibrated and parameters set according to the customer requirements.

The measurement precision of flowmeters in standard design version is guaranteed in accordance with international standard ČSN EN ISO 4064-1: Water meters for cold drinking water and hot water.

Unless agreed otherwise with the customer, the flowmeters are calibrated using the frequency output 0–1kHz.

Upon special request and agreement with the meter manufacturer, the calibration procedure may be carried out using other types of output, i.e. impulse or current outputs.

The guaranteed meter precision parameters are always related to the type of electric output used for the meter calibration. The remaining two uncalibrated outputs are recommended to be employed in applications with the measurement precision lower by 1-2% than that of the calibrated output.

In on-site verification or comparison measurements or metrological verification tests shall always be selected the electric output used in the initial meter calibration at the manufacturing plant. During these tests, it is also necessary to strictly maintain the specified reference conditions.



In all precision verification tests special attention shall be paid to the connection of the hydraulic meter part (the meter sensor) to the hydraulic circuit in the test stand. The connecting elements, whether flanges, fittings or connection pieces required in food-processing plants, shall be of exactly the same type, size and manufacturing standard as used on the meter sensor so that no hydraulic disturbance would appear at the connection zones that might adversely affect the meter measurement precision.

9.2 Reference conditions

Measured fluid: water, temperature 22°C ±4K

Ambient temperature: 22°C ±2K

Straight piping sections: ≥ 10 DN at the input and 5 DN at the output of the meter

Fluid pressure at the meter output: min. 1 bar Temperature stabilisation time: > 30 min

The meter sensor shall be correctly centred, with the power supply and grounding as specified in the meter manual

9.3 Measurement precision

9.3.1 Flowmeters SONOELIS SE401x.1 and SE402x.1; standard measurement precision requirements

The basic parameters of flowmeters SONOELIS SE401x.1 and SE402x.1 are given by standard EN ISO 4064-1 (OIML R 49).

Fluid flow rate definitions:

 $Q_4...$ overload (maximum) flow rate, $Q_3...$ rated/operational flow rate,

Q₂... minimum flow rate for specified measurement precision,

 $Q_1...$ minimum flow rate,

Q_{NEC}... threshold flow rate sensitivity value of the meter sensor,

Where it holds:

$$\frac{Q_4}{Q_3} = 1,25$$
 $\frac{Q_2}{Q_1} = 1,6$



Ultrasonic flowmeters SONOELIS SE401x.1 and SONOELIS SE402x.1

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Flow rate values for various sensor dimensions according to standard ČSN EN ISO4064-1 Flowmeters SONOELIS SE401x.1 and SONOELIS SE402x.1

ser	ted nsor neter		oad flow rate Q ₄	Regula	r flow rate Q ₃		tion flow rate Q ₂		num flow rate Q ₁	inse	old sensor nsivity* Q _{NEC}
DN	NPS	[m ³ /h]	[gal/min]	[m ³ /h]	[gal/min]	[m ³ /h]	[gal/min]	[m ³ /h]	[gal/min]	[m ³ /h]	[gal/min]
200	8"	1 000	4 403	800	3 522	16.0	70.44	10	44.03	2.3	10.1
250	10"	1 200	5 283	960	4 227	19.2	84.53	12	52.83	3.6	15.8
300	12"	1 500	6 604	1 200	5 283	24.0	105.67	15	66.04	5.1	22.4
350	14"	1 800	7 925	1 440	6 340	28.8	126.80	18	79.25	7.0	30.8
400	16"	2 000	8 806	1 600	7 045	32.0	140.89	20	88.06	9.1	40.1
450	18"	2 300	10 127	1 840	8 101	36.8	162.02	23	101.27	11.5	50.6
500	20"	2 500	11 007	2 000	8 806	40.0	176.11	25	110.07	14.2	62.5
600	24"	3 000	13 209	2 400	10 567	48.0	211.34	30	132.09	15.0	66.0

When used as component parts of heat meters, ultrasonic flowmeters SONOELIS SE404x.1 and SONOELIS SE406x.1 have the flow rate values determined in reference to standard ČSN EN 1434.

Flow rate values for various sensor dimensions according to ČSN EN 1434 Flowmeters SONOELIS SE401x.1 and SONOELIS SE402x.1

Rated sensor diameter	Maximum flow rate (m³/h)	Regular flow Minimum flow rate (m³/h) (m³/h)		Threshold sensor insensitivity* (m³/h)
DN	q_s	q_p	q_{min}	q _{NEC}
200	1 000	500	16.00	1.25
250	1 200	600	19.20	1.72
300	1 500	750	24.00	2.50
350	1 800	900	28.80	3.60
400	2 000	1 000	32.00	4.50
450	2 300	1 150	36.85	5.75
500	2 500	1 250	40.00	7.14
600	3 000	1 500	48.00	10.00
700	3 600	1 800	57.60	14.40
800	4 100	2 050	65.60	20.50
1 000	5 100	2 550	91.60	25.50
1 200	6 100	3 050	97.60	30.50

where

q_s is maximum flow rate

 q_p is rated operational flow rate

q_i is minimum flow rate

 $q_{\mbox{\tiny NEC}}$ is insensitivity in flow rate measurement



Ultrasonic flowmeters SONOELIS SE401x.1 and SONOELIS SE402x.1

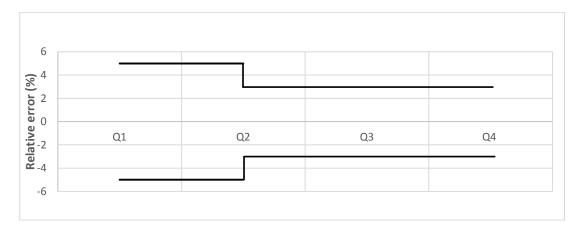
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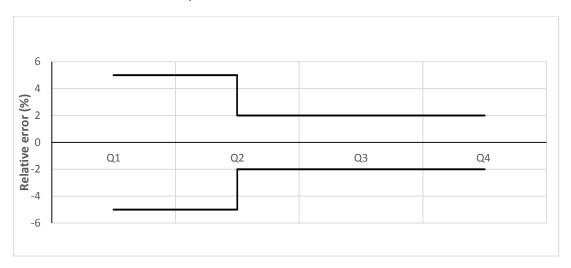
* The flow rate value at which the meter starts to take in and evaluate the data on the fluid passing through the meter sensor.is set at the manufacturing plant equal to q_{NEC}/Q_{NEC} (corresponding to the fluid flow velocity of 20 mm/s). Upon the customer request, this production setting can be changed to anything between $q_{NEC}/Q_{NEC} = 0.1$ and 25% of q_s/Q_4 .

In the cases of standard meter version, the relative error of ultrasonic flowmeters SONOELIS SE404x and SONOELIS SE406x is determined through three-point calibration and meets the requirements of standard **ČSN EN ISO 4064-1 (OIML R49)**:

• Precision class 3 for temperature classes T50, T90 and T130



Precision class 2 for temperature class T30



9.3.2 Enhanced meter precision

Higher flowmeter precision can be achieved through calibration in more than three points.

Ultrasonic flowmeter SONOELIS SE401x.1 (1 measuring ray)

Precision ± 1% for flow rates Q > Q2 and the fluid temperature not exceeding 50°C

Ultrasonic flowmeter SONOELIS SE402x.1 (2 measuring rays)

Precision 0.5% for flow rates Q > Q₂ and the fluid temperature not exceeding 50°C



The meter precision is specified for the zero flow rate setting and reference conditions. Upon agreement, the manufacturer can supply flowmeters with other than standard precision.



Ultrasonic flowmeters SONOELIS SE401x.1 and SONOELIS SE402x.1

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10 METER DESIGN DETAILS

10.1 Converter

The converter UP2.20 / UP 3.20 is built into an aluminium-alloy box with opening front wall. The box meets IP66.

The box lid bears information about the flowmeter type designation and the manufacturer's name and trademark.

The converter plate is located on the side of the box.

Depending on the meter design version (ECONOMIC or COMFORT), the converter box lid is either compact or provided with a display and meter control keyboard.

The two-line display is of the backlighted LC-type, the membrane keyboard includes four pushbuttons.

Upon opening the box, accessible only are

- the connection terminal strip,
- meter configuration jumpers and switches,
- volume resetting pushbutton and
- an RS-232 CANON connector (reserved for the manufacturing and servicing purposes).

An access to electronic part of the converter is protected by a sheet metal and it is equiped with manufacturing seals or eventually mettrological seals.

The box is mounted on a steel plate, which allows the transmitter to be mounted on the wall using 4 screws with a maximum \emptyset 5 mm. The connecting cables shall be brought to the terminal strip through plastic bushings (1 x PG 9 and 5 x PG 7, or 1 x PG 9 and 7 x PG 7).

Located next to the cable bushings is the PE terminal to be used for grounding and protection by potential equalisation. The surface of the box is painted with powder paint, shade RAL1017 or eventually it may be painted by the customer choice.

Regarding the converter terminal connections, see Part 5, ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS.

10.2 Sensor

As to external design and dimensions for installation with the same piping sizes, there is no difference between the single-ray (UC 7.0) and double-ray (UC 7.2) sensors.

The sensor is essentially a weldment consisting of internal tube with welded-on pieces for ultrasonic probes, flanges, and external housing. The internal tube and flanges are made of carbon steel. In enhanced meter version is possible to make the internal tube or the whole sensor from stainless steel.

Sensor UC 7.0: includes 2 ultrasonic probes.

Sensor UC 7.2: includes 4 ultrasonic probes.

Unless specified otherwise, the meter sensor is provided with flanges according to standard ČSN EN 1092-1. Upon agreement with the manufacturer, other types of flange may be used or flanges of all-stainless-steel design.

The sensor parts made of carbon steel and the connection box are provided with a powder paint finish of hue RAL 7035 or other colour according to the customer specifications.

The standard sensor protection class is IP 54. In cases of optional protection class IP 68 the connecting cables are fixed in position on the terminal board and the whole connection box is packaged with insulation compound.

Attached to the sensor body are the sensor rating plate and arrow showing the positive direction of the fluid flow.

Regarding the terminal connections of the ultrasonic sensors, see **Part 5, ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS.**



Ultrasonic flowmeters SONOELIS SE401x.1 and SONOELIS SE402x.1

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10.3 Bushing dimensions

Remote meter version

Converter: UP 2.20 (1 measuring ray)
 UP 3.20 (2 measuring rays)
 1 x PG 9, 5 x PG 7
 1 x PG 9, 7 x PG 7

• Ultrasonic probe: 1 x M20x1,5

10.4 Meter seals

Ultrasonic flowmeters of the type series SONOELIS SE401x.1 and SONOELIS SE402x.1 are supplied to the customers calibrated, tested as to their functions and with parameters set according to the customer specifications. Upon completion of all manufacturing and testing operations, the meters are provided with seals.

Operational non-established meters

- Shield steel plate covering converter box is sealed.
- Another manufacturing seal is placed on the lid of the sensor connection box.



Broken manufacturing seals will render void the user's right to warranty services, i.e. free-of-charge meter repairs within the agreed warranty period.

Commercial meters

The metrologically verified meters used for commercial purposes are provided with official verification seals.

Seal positions:

- The system type plate (located on the converter box) is fixed in position by means of two unremovable sticks-on labels bearing the official verification mark.
- The metal sheet cover protecting the electronic system of the meter against unauthorised access is secured in position by means of two seals with the imprints of an official mark.

Upon the meter installation in the plant technology, the assembly organisation staff will secure the terminal cover in closed position by means of two assembly seals with the imprints of an official mark.

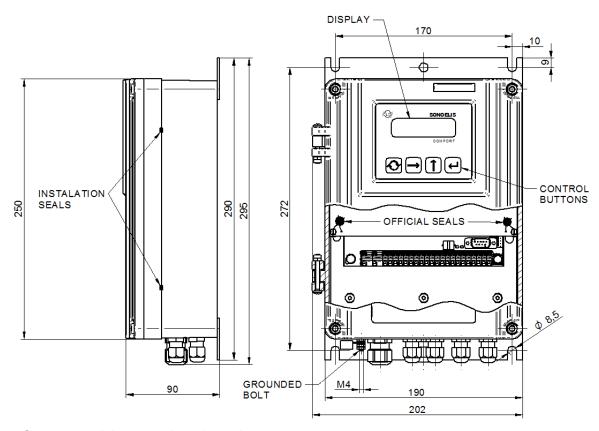
Ultrasonic flowmeters SONOELIS SE401x.1 and SONOELIS SE402x.1

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10.5 Meter size and weight

10.5.1 Converter

10.5.1.1 Converter of the COMFORT remote meter version

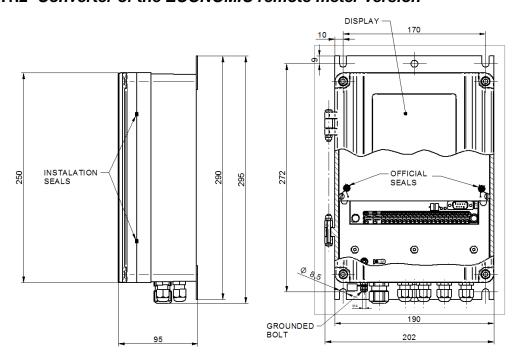


Converter weight: approximately 2.5 kg

Ultrasonic flowmeters SONOELIS SE401x.1 and SONOELIS SE402x.1

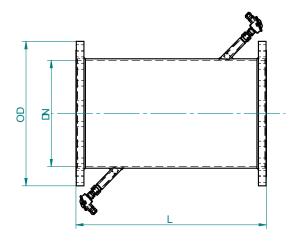
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10.5.1.2 Converter of the ECONOMIC remote meter version



Converter weight: approximately 2.3 kg

10.5.2 Sensor





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10.5.2.1 Flanges ČSN EN 1092-1

Sensor UC 7.0 and UC 7.2

Flanges ČSN EN 1092-1

Rated inner diameter	Rated pressure	L	D	Weight
DN	PN	(mm)	(mm)	(kg)
200	10/16/25	600	340	41.5
250	10/16/25	650	395	53.5
300	10/16/25	700	445	68
350	10/16/25	750	505	89
400	10/16/25	800	565	113
450	10/16/25	850	615	136
500	10/16/25	900	670	161
600	10/16/25	700	780	182
700	10/16/25	800	895	292
800	10/16/25	850	1015	378
1 000	10/16/25	1000	1230	632
1 200	10/16/25	1150	1455	978

Comment: *

Length L, diameter D and weight datas are valid for sensor with EN 1092-1 PN10 flanges.

10.5.2.2 Flanges ASME B16.5

Sensor UC 7.0 and UC 7.2 Flanges ASME B16.5

Rated inner diamater	Rated pressure	L	ØD
NPS	Class	(mm)	(mm)
8"	150	600	345
10"	150	650	450
12"	150	700	485
14"	150	750	535
16"	150	800	595
18"	150	850	635
20"	150	950	700
24"	150	700	815

Comment: *

Sensors of diameter from NPS 28" to NPS 48" are possible to make only after manufacturer's agreement.

11 FLOWMETER DEFECTS

Prior to any meter handling, installation or operation it is necessary that the user or the service company staff carefully read the meter documentation.



Any meter repairs are reserved to the manufacturer or the duly authorised service centre.



Ultrasonic flowmeters SONOELIS SE401x.1 and SONOELIS SE402x.1

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Meter repairs may only be performed by:

- Operators trained with the manufacturer for work with flowmeters of the type series SONOELIS SE401x.1 and SONOELIS SE402x.1.
- Staff duly qualified for work with electronic equipment and measuring devices and trained for work on electrical equipment of rated voltage up to 1,000V according to Czech Regulation No 50/1978 Coll. or the corresponding national standard.
- In performing the meter service activities, the operators shall observe the national regulations and standards related to work on electrical equipment with special regard to labour safety and health protection.



The manufacturer shall not be liable for any product damage caused by the user or service provider.

12 MAINTENANCE

Flowmeter SONOELIS SE401x.1 and SONOELIS SE402x.1 do not need any special maintenance. During regular inspections it is recommended to check the tightness of cable bushings and grounding terminals and check the external meter parts for signs of mechanical damage

Converter

The powder-paint finish of the converter box surface can be cleaned using standard cleaning agents and procedures applicable to maintenance of measuring devices.



Avoid application of abrasive cleaning agents for cleaning of the viewing window or rubber seals!

Sensor

External surfaces of the meter sensor can be cleaned using standard procedures applicable to maintenance of measuring devices. Regarding the piping system maintenance, it is not permitted to clean the internal sensor parts using the PIGS method (a mechanical cleaning process) as such procedure involves a risk of the ultrasonic probe damage. If the sensor is removed for maintenance from its position in the piping, clean only the input and output leading parts by a cleaning agent with degreasing and abrasive effects (e.g. a liquid cleaning cream).

13 SERVICE

General principles

Prior to sending the meter for maintenance or repair to the authorised service centre or the manufacturer, make sure the meter is thoroughly decontaminated.

Representation on decontamination

In accordance with the valid regulations regarding environment conservation, labour safety and health protection, the meter user shall enclose to their request for meter repair a representation in writing on the meter decontamination. A model form of such representation is shown in Part 17, ANNEXES.

Any costs of the meter decontamination incurred at the manufacturing plant will be charged to the customer



A meter that cannot be decontaminated shall not be sent to the service provider!



Ultrasonic flowmeters SONOELIS SE401x.1 and SONOELIS SE402x.1

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14 WARRANTY

14.1 Warranty services

Warranty services primarily consist of product repairs performed free of charge within the agreed warranty period either at the manufacturing plant or the premises of an authorised manufacturer's partner.

Warranty repairs are all product repairs performed free of charge within the agreed warranty period in cases where the product defect originated due to defective material, product part or deficient workmanship.

Should the product defect originated due to any of the above reasons prove irreparable, the customer shall receive a new product free of charge.

Warranty repair actions are reserved to the manufacturer, duly authorised service centres or authorised product distributors. Such authorisation may obtain third parties based on a written certificate and upon thorough training of the service staff in the manufacturing plant.

Exempted from the warranty service/repair liability shall be:

- · products with broken manufacturing or metrological seals,
- defects caused by incorrect meter assembly or installation procedures,
- · defects due to errors in electrical connections or product installation,
- · defects due to incorrect meter application,
- · defects due to mechanical damage,
- defects due to the action of force majeure or natural disaster,
- products lost or stolen.

A requirement for warranty repair shall be sent to the product manufacturer in writing (by E-mail fax or registered letter).

Should the manufacturer resolve that the required repair cannot be acknowledged as a warranty repair, this fact will be communicated to the customer in writing and the repair costs will be invoiced to them.

14.2 Post-warranty services

Post-warranty service is understood to cover any and all product defects and repair actions originating and performed after the end of the agreed warranty period. All such repairs (whether performed at the manufacturer's plant or elsewhere as required by the customer) shall be invoiced by the service provider to the customer and paid by the latter.

A requirement for post-warranty repair shall be sent to the product manufacturer **in writing** (by E-mail fax or registered letter).

15 **ORDERING**

To order and specify the flowmeters, you can use the Order Number generated by the Specification Table after entering the required technical parameters.

This Specification Table for the required type of flow meter can be found on the website www.elis.cz/en in the "download" section.

If you need help, please contact us.



Ultrasonic flowmeters SONOELIS SE401x.1 and SONOELIS SE402x.1

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16 RELATED DOCUMENTANTION AND STANDARDS

Standards

ČSN EN ISO 4064-1 Water meters for cold drinking water and hot water

ČSN EN 1434 Heat meters

ČSN EN 1092-1 Flanges and flange connections ASME B16.5 Pipe Flanges and Flanged Fittings

ČSN EN 13480 Metal industrial piping

ČSN EN 61010-1 Safety requirements concerning electric measuring, control and laboratory

equipment

ČSN EN 60664-1 Low voltage equipment insulation co-ordination

Product manual

Es 90452K/a Ultrasonic flowmeters SONOELIS SEXXXX, communication protocol RS485



Ultrasonic flowmeters SONOELIS SE401x.1 and SONOELIS SE402x.1

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17 ANNEXES

17.1 Representation on decontamination

REPRESENTATION ON DECONTAMINATION

CUSTOMER		ADDRESS				
		Name		Telephone		
		Name		Теюрнопе		
FLOWMETER TYPE		Delivery date		Delivery note		
Production series number						
Froduction series number	·I					
MEASURED FLUID						
FLUID PROPERTIES AND ASSOCIATED RISKS						
Toxic			gically hazardous			
Corrosive			of burns			
Flammable		Detrimental to environment				
Other risks						
The flowmeter sensor cavit	ies have been emptie	d and clea	ned out			
Fluid traces have been removed from the external meter surfaces						
Residual contamination					Yes No	
WHEN WORKING WITH THE METER, USE:						
Safety gloves						
Safety glasses						
Protective shield						
Respirator						
Protective clothing						
Laboratory hood						
Special safety measures:						
This is to confirm that the fl				الناسم بينال ممسطنا	.4	با ماد
If the above safety and proto to health or environment.	tective equipment are	usea, tne	nowmeter nand	aling will constitu	ute no	risk
to fleatiff of environment.						
Date Place			Signature			



Ultrasonic flowmeters SONOELIS SE401x.1 and **SONOELIS SE402x.1**

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17.2 EU conformity representation





EU DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

Company ELIS PLZEŇ a.s. Luční 425/15

Česká republika

Company identification number:: 25210068

Product name:

ULTRASONIC FLOW METER SONOELIS

Type:

SE40XX.1

Purpose:

The product is intended to be used as a standard or working meter for

measurements of instantaneous flow rate and the total volume of technical liquids

passed through the meter.

We hereby declare under our sole responsibility that the above product meets the requirements of Directives 2014/35/EU LVD and 2014/30/EU EMC including all published changes.

Used standards to declare compliance:

EMC - 2014/30/EU EN 61000-4-2, ed.2:2008 EN 61000-4-3, ed.3:2006+A1+A2+Z1 EN 61000-4-4, ed03:2012

EN 61000-4-5, ed.2:2005 EN 61000-4-6, ed.4:2013 EN 61000-4-8, ed.2:2009 EN 61000-4-11, ed.2:2004 EN 550 11, ed3:2009+A1

LVD - 2014/35/EU EN 61010-1:1993

In Plzeň, dated: 12.4.2011

Name: Title:

Signature:

Petr Mareška Production Manager

ELIS PLZEŇ Production Department tel.: +420 377 454 394 Soukenická 3, 320 22 Plzeň CZECH REPUBLIC

Es90135H

ELIS PLZEŇ a.s. LUČNÍ 425/15 301 00 PLZEŇ CZECH REPUBLIC

TEL.: +420 377 517 711 FAX: +420 377 517 722 e-mail: sales@elis.cz http://www.elis.cz

ID: 25210068 VAT: CZ25210068



Ultrasonic flowmeters SONOELIS SE401x.1 and SONOELIS SE402x.1

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Manufacturer's address and contact information:

ELIS PLZEŇ a. s. Luční 425/15 301 00 Plzeň Czech Republic

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